

NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITY, JODHPUR

End Term Examination-2023

Semester: UG IV

Subject: Sociology II (Indian Society)

Time- Three Hours

Marks-100

Instructions:

4. Attempt any five questions.
5. All questions carry equal marks.
6. Follow the examination hall protocols.

(Q1) 'Land reforms are the measures to bring about the institutional changes in the agrarian structures; but much expected results have not been attained for certain reasons.' What are the changes brought by such reforms? Do you think that it has attained its objectives? Justify your answer with the help of examples. (Marks-14+6=20)

(Q2) Is caste a hierarchical or segmental division or both in the contemporary Indian society? Whether caste stratification is functional to Indian social system? Do you think that some of traditional features of caste system have been radically altered? Construct two examples to justify your answer. (Marks- 7+7+6=20)

(Q3) (A) Discuss the following with the help of an example:

- (i) Existence of social heterogeneity in urban life in contrast to rural life.
- (ii) Social status in rural society is ascribed and in urban it is achieved.

(B) What are the limitations of defining 'tribe'? Discuss from sociological and anthropological perspective with special reference to 'social homogeneity' and 'common territory' (Marks-14+6=20)

(Q4) (A) 'Indian joint family system has undergone various changes'. In this context outline the observations made by various sociologists.

(B) Identify and explain the type of joint family in the following:

- (i) A and B are brothers and living together with their wife and children under the same roof.
- (ii) X and Y the married couple living with their grandparents, parents, married brother and children in the same house. (Marks-14+6=20)

(Q5) (A) Read and compare the following matrimonial advertisement and list the changes in the practices of Hindu marriage. What are the factors responsible for these changes?

Advertisement I- Sharma(Brahmin) parents invite proposal for their *manglik* daughter 21 year old, fair and good looking 5'3 height, homely, from well to do, educated and settled Brahmin boy of age between 24-26, Family status of boy will be given importance.(year of advertisement is 1995)

Advertisement II- Required match for smart, 26 year old, B.E. M.B.A. girl, working in a software company from -civil servants/ professionally qualified/ NRI boys. Caste no bar. (year of advertisement is 2022)

(B.) Do you think that legislative changes have made an impact on the practices related to marriage and divorce in the Muslim community? Justify your answer with appropriate examples.

(Marks-14+6=20)

(Q6) Answer the following:

1. Introduction of Court system by British government had made an impact on the Indian society. How?
2. What are the main objectives of structural functional approach in order to study, Indian society?
3. 'Legislation has provided equal rights and opportunities to all the members of family without discrimination', justify the statement with the help of examples.
4. Explain the changes brought in the 'Hindu Marriage' as a consequence of enactment of Hindu Marriage Act 1955.

(Marks 5x4=20)

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NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITY, JODHPUR

Mid Term Examination, 2023

Semester IV UG

Sociology-II (Indian Society)

Time- 90 Minutes

MM-50

(Q1) 'Involvement of different sections of people accelerated the process of westernization, but the form and pace of westernization in India varied from region to region and from one section of population to another'. How? Explain. Do you think that westernization may speed up the process of sanskritisation? (Marks-10+5+5=20)

(Q2) Ram is a factory managing supervisor, in the Mumbai cotton mills, migrated from the village Rampur-small village in the Rajasthan, where he was living with his parents, five years ago. After shifting to Mumbai his wife has also started working in nearby school. Her daughter is a single child born in Mumbai. He is also able to purchase a car, AC, microwave etc. for the better living standard. He has also become member of various formal organizations. Now, it is difficult for him to attend various religious ceremonies in the village. Based on the situation presented what are the changes you perceive in his life style? Based on this understanding discuss the major differences between rural and urban society. (Marks-15)

(Q3) Justify the following statement:

(6+6+3=15)

- (A) 'Varna-Asharma' system is a social and psychological basis of Indian social organization.
(B) Modernization involves transformation of social, political and economic organizations.
(C) Sanskritisation does not take place in the same manner in all the places.

